New child-care facility

Kid In Around

BY MICHELE MATHIS

Does anyone happen to know a full-time child-care facility located in the Applegate Valley?

The answer is now "Yes."

Kid In Around is open and offering full-time child-care and development services at 7208 Highway 238 in Ruch, OR. Kid In Around is the perfect place for children to play, learn and socialize with others.

All activities are designed to keep the children's interest and provide hours of educational entertainment. The preschool education will help prepare younger children before they enter kindergarten. Owned and operated by an Applegate resident, the goal for Kid In Around is to provide children with an environment that is enriched with age-appropriate education, playful activities and social opportunities. Every day is carefully planned to provide a comfortable, routine and dependable structure on which children can rely.

Kid In Around offers child-care services from 6 am to 6 pm, Monday through Friday. In order to maintain security precautions, tours are by appointment only.

If you are in need of child-care services and would like to take a tour of our facility, please call 541-899-0500. Space is limited for summer care so please reserve your child's spot early.

Thank you so much Applegate community for your encouragement and support.

Michele Mathis • 541-899-0500



The Old Became New

The old became new first a loud crack then a deep breaking a pause... and then a huge crash

The storm has brought down an old grandfather snag quick as describing it the vertical is horizontal after so many years

A new environment for the forest floor and its creatures

The forest is all pungent with the first rain in months

Two grandfathers one a grateful witness

> Greeley Wells greeley@greeley.me

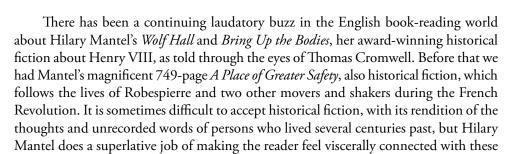
BOOK & MOVIE REVIEWS

of the household.

— Book —

Giving Up the Ghost

Hilary Mantel



people. You believe they thought those thoughts and said those words. Having read her thoroughly researched and intimate looks at English and French aristocracy, I had assumed that Ms. Mantel was to the manor born. But, au contraire, I recently read her autobiographical Giving up the Ghost (Henry Holt and Co., 2003), in which I learned that her young life was anything but aristocratic. She grew up poor, Irish, and Catholic in the mean little Northern England mill town of Hadfield, Derbyshire, in a family that can only be described as highly dysfunctional. Classmates and neighbors did not hide their prurient curiosity about her family household sleeping arrangements.

The climate of the area is cold and damp, "battered by the four winds. Its streets were steep, its small houses gray and stony." The social life is as pinched and narrow as the pocketbooks of the denizens of the little mill town. Mantel writes of an entertainment of throwing rocks from the nearby bridge at presumably coddled Protestant children from the better-off town on the other side.

"In Hadfield, you knew before you could walk which you were: us or them, Catholic or Protestant.... Our religion didn't require us to throw petrol bombs or for the men to kill one another on a weekend [in contrast to Northern Ireland]. But it did allow us—us Catholics, that is—to luxuriate in the knowledge that our neighbors were damned."

Mantel's grandmother had become a mill worker at the age of 12, and her mother and father each worked in the town's textile mills. Hilary attended the rigidly Catholic local school and convent. "The school was constant stricture, the systematic crushing of any spontaneity.... I was conscious, from the first day in the first class, of the need to resist what I found there. When I met my fellow children and heard their yodeling cry—'Good mo-or-orning, Missus Simpson,' I thought I had come among lunatics; and the teachers, malign and stupid, seemed to me like the lunatics' keepers.'

She remembers, "...childhood was a sort of gulag for me; I was cut off, adrift.... It wasn't particularly anyone's fault. Few people acted with malice toward me. It was just that I was unsuited to being a child.... My adult reasoning and my small status were at odds. One day [the teacher] hit me so hard in the face that she propelled me across the room, and spun around my head on the stalk of my neck. Ho, fisticuffs, Madam! I said to myself. I put a smile on my face and turned my head the right way round again.... I was eight then: blinking back the automatic tears that arise in response to a blow, in case they would be seen by her as a vindication."

But Hilary Mantel also tells of what she gained there in how to write with clarity and precision. She quotes a prayer: "When the last tear, the forerunner of my dissolution, shall drop from mine eyes, receive it as a sacrifice of expiation for my sins; grant that I may expire the victim of penance, and in that dreadful moment, Merciful Jesus, have mercy on me.' Note that excellent semicolon. People ask how I learned to write. That's where I learned it."

Amazed to be informed at the end of grammar school that she had passed a scholarship exam and would be moving on to attend the convent school, she writes, "I was still more amazed when I got there, and found that the nuns didn't punch you; not even the lay teachers seemed to want to go ten rounds with a six-stone opponent." She writes lovingly of a grandfather, a railway man, who tells about Robin Hood

and about American slaves and the Confederacy; who had been to far off places such as Palestine: "In the desert my grandfather rode a camel. He commanded it with certain words in Egyptian, known only to camels, now imparted to me." This grandfather stayed with her family for a time. And she writes from the puzzled and cryptic view of a child when that grandfather tersely departs, seemingly in disgust at the living arrangements

Hilary Mantel suffered from long-undiagnosed endometriosis from her young preteens. In her mid 20s, she underwent surgery, which left her unable to have children, and subsequent steroid treatments caused excessive weight gain. She tells of anguish over her inability to bear children, and she continues her battle with weight. She wrote in Learning to Talk: "I have been so mauled by medical procedures, so sabotaged and made over, so thin and so fat, that sometimes I feel that each morning it is necessary to write myself into being."

She went to law school in London, married, lived in South Africa and in Saudi Arabia, divorced—and later remarried—her husband. And wrote! Did she ever write!

Mantel has been showered with literary awards, and that includes twice winning the highly prestigious Man Booker Prize. The historical novels give readers a most readable understanding of turbulent past times; we read them and feel enlightened. But her autobiography tugs at our hearts.

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Ed. Note: The reviewer is the author of She Caves to Conquer, a book about a young woman who escapes the Midwest, moves halfway around the globe and finds caves that have been occupied for nearly 4,000 years.

12 Years a Slave Reviewer rating: **5 Apples**







Drama, Epic and Historical

R (Restricted. Children Under 17 Require Accompanying Parent or Adult Guardian.) Opened: October 2013

Cast: Chiwetel Ejiofor, Michael Fassbender, Lupita Nyong'o, Sarah Paulson, Benedict Cumberbatch, Paul Dano, Paul Giamatti, Brad Pitt, Alfre Woodard Director: Steve McQueen

Written by John Ridley, based on the book by Solomon Northup

An uncompromising, merciless, riveting film! The brutal tale, which takes place eight years before the start of the American Civil War, comes from the 1853 memoir by Solomon Northup. The third feature of British video artist Steve McQueen, 12 Years a Slave is an historically important picture and a powerful one at that. Solomon Northup (Chiwetel Ejiofor), a violinist by trade, lives as a free man with his wife and children in upstate New York. He is abducted and sold into slavery, bought by the most brutal of slave owners, Edwin Epps (Michael Fassbender). Solomon struggles to stay alive while also trying to retain his dignity. Samuel Bass (Brad Pitt), a Canadian abolitionist who meets Solomon, ultimately changes his life.

"12 Years a Slave is easily the greatest feature film ever made about American slavery," writes The New Yorker's David Denby, who, like other critics, sees McQueen's movie as finally and decisively dethroning Gone with the Wind in that category. A somber, meditative, almost poetic film that delivers the horrors of bondage stripped down and head-on, 12 Years a Slave is both a devastatingly shocking and a truly important film.

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Ed. Notes: The reviewer is an ardent moviegoer—often watching the same movie in the theater multiple times. With nine nominations, will 12 Years a Slave win top honors at the Academy Awards?